



2020 RACIAL PROFILING REPORT

Colleyville Police Department

January 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020

Chief Michael C. Miller
mmiller@colleyville.com

Public Education on Policy and Process for Filing Complaints and Commendation

The Texas Racial Profiling Law requires police departments to provide information to the public on how they can file a racial profiling complaint or a commendation. The complaint procedures are outlined on the Colleyville Police Department's website and the same information and forms are available in the public lobby of the Police Department. Furthermore, our policy requires that officers provide information on how to file a complaint or commendation to every citizen who is issued a verbal warning, citation, or written warning. Our policy does not allow for traffic stops to be cleared with just a verbal warning. They must be cleared with either a written warning or a citation to ensure compliance with this requirement. While our policy prohibits verbal warning whenever possible, there are normally a small number of exceptions to this policy, and this year we issued 76 verbal warnings from stops. In these cases, a verbal warning was the only appropriate clearance. In all 76 cases, officers filled out the appropriate form in our CAD/RMS system to ensure all of the relevant demographic data was captured and provided the citizen with a separate document that outlines the complaint process.

We believe that through all of these efforts, our community has been properly informed of the complaint processes regarding racial profiling.

The screenshot shows the website interface for filing a complaint or commendation. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Colleyville logo and links for 'FOR SERVICES', 'FOR RESIDENTS', 'FOR BUSINESS', 'FOR GOVERNMENT', and 'ABOUT COLLEYVILLE'. A search icon is also present. On the left side, there is a vertical menu with the following items: 'File a Complaint or Commendation', 'Commendation Form', '+ Community Policing', 'Crime Statistics', 'Criminal Investigations', 'Police Administration', '+ Police Records', 'Racial Profiling Policy', and 'Traffic'. The main content area is titled 'File a Complaint or Commendation' and includes a 'Font Size' selector, 'Share & Bookmark', 'Feedback', and 'Print' options. The page is divided into two main sections: 'COMPLAINT PROCEDURES' and 'COMMENDATIONS'. The 'COMPLAINT PROCEDURES' section explains that the department is authorized to investigate allegations against its members in a fair and unbiased manner. It states that if a citizen has experienced racial profiling or employee misconduct, they can file a complaint. The process depends on the classification of the complaint, with first-line supervisors or internal affairs sergeants handling them. It notes that findings are based on impartial evidence and are properly adjudicated. Disagreements over traffic citations or accident reports are directed to the judicial system. The section concludes by stating that if a citizen has had a negative experience, they should complete a 'Complaint Form' and submit it via email, in person, or by mail. Contact information for the Justice Center is provided: 5201 Riverwalk Dr., Colleyville, Texas 76034, Phone: 817.503.1200, Fax: 817.503.1209, Email: colleyvillepd@colleyville.com. The 'COMMENDATIONS' section states that officers take pride in being recognized by the public and that citizens can compliment them by filling out a 'Commendation form'.



- Police Department
 - + Community Policing
 - Criminal Investigations
 - FAQ
 - + File a Complaint or Commendation
 - Police Administration
 - + Police Records
 - Racial Profiling Policy
 - Required Alarm Permit
 - Traffic

[Government](#) » [Departments M-Z](#) » [Police Department](#) »

Racial Profiling Policy

Font Size: [+](#) [-](#) [Share & Bookmark](#) [Feedback](#) [Print](#)

Any person who believes they are a victim of racial profiling is urged to speak with an on-duty supervisor at [817-503-1200](tel:817-503-1200). We would prefer to speak with you in person but all complaints will be addressed regardless of the manner they are received. If the matter proves to be more serious in nature, Texas state law requires that the complaint be signed and in writing. A brochure on how to file this complaint is available at the police department or at the link below.

To maintain a professional and impartial relationship with motorists stopped for traffic violations, the Colleyville Police Department has equipped every vehicle used for enforcement with an audio/video recording system. Officers are required to activate the cameras during all traffic and pedestrian stops and the recording is available for review by supervisors in the event of a complaint. An annual analysis of traffic stops that result in a citation or arrest is completed each year and submitted to the City Council by March 1.

[Racial profiling policy and procedure information.](#)

[2019 Racial Profiling Report](#)

Complaint Form

Colleyville Police Department Police Complaint Form

The following form must be filled out as completely as possible before any action can be taken on your complaint. Disagreements over the validity of a traffic citation and differences of opinion between a citizen and an arresting officer regarding guilt or innocence will not be investigated. Such disagreements will be directed to the judicial system and the court that has jurisdiction in the matter. Complaints relative to differences of opinion regarding contributing factors listed on an accident report will not be investigated.

Name of Complainant: _____

Contact Address: _____

Home Phone: _____ Work Phone: _____

Date and Time of Incident: _____

Location of Incident: _____

Name of officer(s) against whom complaint is being filed, or other identifying marks (car number, badge number, etc.)

Name: _____ Rank: _____ I.D. # _____

Badge: _____ Other: _____

Please write a brief narrative of your complaint in the space provided below and on the following page of this form. Attach additional pages if needed. **(Please Note: False statements made under oath may be subject to prosecution under PC Sec 37.02 Perjury, PC Sec. 37.08 False Report, or civil statutes.)**

Colleyville Police Department Police Complaint Form


Additional space (if needed):

The undersigned swear that the facts contained on page one, two, and all attachments of this document are within their personal knowledge and are true and correct.

Signature of Complainant

Date

Agency Policy on Racial Profiling

	COLLEYVILLE POLICE DEPARTMENT	
	Policy 202 NON-BIAS BASED POLICING	
	Effective Date: 04/06/2020	Replaces: 03/01/2015
	Reference: TBP: 2.01 CALEA: 1.2.9	

I. POLICY

We are committed to exhibit respect for constitutional rights in the performance of our duties. Our success is based on the respect we give to our communities, and the respect members of the community observe toward law enforcement. To this end, we shall exercise our sworn duties, responsibilities, and obligations in a manner that does not discriminate on the basis of race, sex, gender, national origin, ethnicity, age, or religion. All people carry biases: in law enforcement, however, the failure to control our biases can lead to illegal arrests, searches, and detentions, thus thwarting the mission of our department. Most importantly, actions guided by bias destroy the trust and respect essential for our mission to succeed. We live and work in diverse communities: respect for diversity and equitable enforcement of the law are essential to our mission.

All enforcement actions, particularly stops of individuals (for traffic and other purposes), investigative detentions, arrests, searches and seizures of persons or property, shall be based on the standards of reasonable suspicion or probable cause as required by the Fourth Amendment to the U. S. Constitution and statutory authority. In all enforcement decisions, officers shall be able to articulate specific facts, circumstances, and conclusions which support probable cause or reasonable suspicion for arrests, searches, seizures, and stops of individuals. Officers shall not stop, detain, arrest, search, or attempt to search anyone based solely upon the person's race, sex, sexual orientation, gender, national origin, ethnicity, age, or religion. Officers shall base all such actions on a reasonable suspicion that the person or an occupant of a vehicle committed an offense.

All departmental orders are informed and guided by this directive. Nothing in this order limits non-enforcement contacts between officers and the public.

II. PURPOSE

The purpose of this order is to provide general guidance on reducing the presence of bias in law enforcement actions, to identify key contexts in which bias may influence these actions, and emphasize the importance of the constitutional guidelines within which we operate.

III. DEFINITIONS

Most of the following terms appear in this order. In any case, these terms appear in the larger public discourse about alleged biased enforcement behavior and in other orders. These definitions are intended to facilitate on-going discussion and analysis of our enforcement practices.

- A. Bias: Prejudice or partiality which may be based on preconceived ideas, a person's upbringing, culture, experience, or education.
- B. Biased policing: Stopping, detaining, searching, or attempting to search, or using force against a person based upon his or her race, ethnic background, gender, sexual orientation, religion, economic status, age, cultural group, or any other identifiable group.
- C. Ethnicity: A cluster of characteristics which may include race but also cultural characteristics or traits which are shared by a group with a common experience or history.
- D. Gender: Unlike sex, a psychological classification based on cultural characteristics or traits.
- E. Probable cause: Facts or apparent facts and circumstances within an officer's knowledge and of which the officer had reasonable, trustworthy information to lead a reasonable person to believe that an offense has been or is being committed, and that the suspect has committed it.
- F. Race: A category of people of a particular decent, including Caucasian, African, Hispanic, Asian, or Native American descent. As distinct from ethnicity, race only refers to physical characteristics sufficiently distinctive to group people under a classification.
- G. Racial profiling: A law-enforcement initiated action based on an individual's race, ethnicity, or national origin rather than on the individual's behavior or on information identifying the individual as having engaged in criminal activity.
- H. Reasonable suspicion: Articulate, objective facts which lead an experienced officer to suspect that a person has committed, is committing, or may be about to commit a crime. A well-founded suspicion is based on the totality of the circumstances and does not exist unless it can be articulated. Reasonable suspicion supports a stop of a person. Courts require that stops based on reasonable suspicion be "objectively reasonable."
- I. Sex: A biological classification, male or female, based on physical and genetic characteristics.

- J. Stop: The detention of a subject for a brief period of time, based on reasonable suspicion. A stop is an investigative detention.

IV. PROCEDURES

A. General responsibilities

1. Officers are prohibited from engaging in bias based profiling or stopping, detaining, searching, arresting, or taking any enforcement action including seizure or forfeiture activities, against any person based solely on the person's race, national origin, citizenship, religion, ethnicity, age, gender, color, creed, sexual orientation, disability, or economic status. These characteristics, however, may form part of reasonable suspicion or probable cause when officers are seeking a suspect with one or more of these attributes. (TBP: 2.01) [1.2.9a]
2. Reasonable suspicion or probable cause shall form the basis for any enforcement actions or decisions. Individuals shall only be subjected to stops, seizures, or detention upon reasonable suspicion that they have committed, are committing, or are about to commit an offense. Officers shall document the elements of reasonable suspicion and probable cause in appropriate reports.
3. Officers shall observe all constitutional safeguards and shall respect the constitutional rights of all persons.
 - a. As traffic stops provide a primary source of bias-related complaints, officers shall have a firm understanding of the warrantless searches allowed by law, particularly the use of consent. How the officer disengages from a traffic stop may be crucial to a person's perception of fairness or discrimination.
 - b. Officers shall not use the refusal or lack of cooperation to justify a search of the person or vehicle or a prolonged detention once reasonable suspicion has been dispelled.
4. All personnel shall treat everyone with the same courtesy and respect that they would have others observe to department personnel. To this end, personnel are reminded that the exercise of courtesy and respect engenders a future willingness to cooperate with law enforcement.
 - a. Personnel shall facilitate an individual's access to other governmental services whenever possible, and shall actively provide referrals to other appropriate agencies.
 - b. All personnel shall courteously accept, document, and forward to the Chief of Police any complaints made by an individual against the

department. Further, officers shall provide information on the complaint process and shall give copies of the "How to Make a Complaint" pamphlet when appropriate.

5. When feasible, personnel shall offer explanations of the reasons for enforcement actions or other decisions that bear on an individuals' well-being unless the explanation would undermine an investigation or jeopardize an officer's safety. When concluding an encounter, personnel shall thank him or her for cooperating.
6. When feasible, all personnel shall identify themselves by name. When a person requests the information, personnel shall give their departmental identification number, name of the immediate supervisor, or any other reasonable information.
7. All personnel are accountable for their actions. Personnel shall justify their actions when required.

B. Supervisory responsibilities

1. Supervisors shall be held accountable for the observance of constitutional safeguards during the performance of their duties. Supervisors shall identify and correct instances of bias in the work of their subordinates.
2. Supervisors shall use the disciplinary mechanisms of the department to ensure compliance with this order and the constitutional requirements of law enforcement.
3. Supervisors shall be mindful that in accounting for the actions and performance of subordinates, supervisors are key to maintaining community trust in law enforcement. Supervisors shall continually reinforce the ethic of impartial enforcement of the laws, and shall ensure that personnel, by their actions, maintain the community's trust in law enforcement.
4. Supervisors are reminded that biased enforcement of the laws provokes not only mistrust of law enforcement, but increases safety risks to personnel. Lack of control over bias also exposes the department to liability consequences.
5. Supervisors shall ensure that all enforcement actions are duly documented per departmental policy. Supervisors shall ensure that all reports show adequate documentation of reasonable suspicion and probable cause, if applicable.
6. Supervisors shall facilitate the filing of any complaints about law enforcement service.

C. Disciplinary consequences

1. Actions prohibited by this order shall be cause for disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

D. Training (TBP: 2.01) [1.2.9b]

1. Every officer will complete mandatory training and education program on racial profiling as required by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE), within the time frames required by law. The Chief of Police shall complete the training required by Section 96.641 of the Texas Education Code.
2. Colleyville officers will receive ongoing training in bias based profiling issues including legal aspects as needed.
3. Annual training will be required for affected personnel in biased issues including legal aspects.

V. COMPLAINTS

- A. The department shall provide "How to Make a Complaint" information to anyone who requests it. The department's complaint process and its non-bias based profiling policy will be posted on the department's website. Whenever possible, the media will be used to inform the public of the department's policy and complaint process.
- B. Complaints alleging incidents of bias based profiling will be fully investigated as described under Policy 204.
- C. Complainants will be notified of the results of the investigations when such investigation is completed.

VI. RECORD KEEPING [1.2.9c]

- A. The department will maintain all required records on traffic stops regardless of whether a citation or warning is issued and where an arrest is made subsequent to a traffic stop pursuant to state law.
- B. The information collected above shall be compiled in an annual report for the Colleyville City Council, and filed as appropriate for CALEA Accreditation and TPCA Recognition Program. The annual report should include a review of agency practices regarding biased policing, traffic warnings and citations, and citizen concerns and corrective measures taken.
- C. The information will also be reported to TCOLE in the required format.

Racial Profiling Report 2020

Tier 2 Data

PLEASE NOTE: This report only includes traffic stops resulting in a citation, traffic stops resulting in a citation with an arrest, traffic stop resulting in a verbal warning, traffic stops resulting in a warning with an arrest, traffic stops resulting in an arrest, and field interviews that resulted in an arrest. This report does not include any stops from traffic collisions.

Colleyville Police Department

01. Total Traffic Stops		12070	
02. Location of Stop			
a.	City Street	10737	88.96%
b.	US Highway	0	0.00%
c.	County Road	0	0.00%
d.	State Highway	1281	10.61%
e.	Private Property or Other	52	0.43%
03. Was Race known prior to Stop			
a.	NO	11985	99.30%
b.	YES	85	0.70%
04. Race or Ethnicity			
a.	Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	30	0.25%
b.	Asian/ Pacific Islander	746	6.18%
c.	Black	1363	11.29%
d.	White	8952	74.17%
e.	Hispanic/ Latino	979	8.11%
05. Gender:			
a.	Female	5207	43.14%
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	10	0.19%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	286	5.49%
	iii. Black	560	10.75%
	iv. White	4011	77.03%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino	340	6.53%
b.	Male	6863	56.86%
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	20	0.29%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	460	6.70%

iii. Black	803	11.70%
iv. White	4941	71.99%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	639	9.31%

06. Reason for Stop:

a. Violation of Law	110	0.91%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		3	2.73%
iii. Black		14	12.73%
iv. White		83	75.45%
v. Hispanic/ Latino		10	9.09%
b. Pre-Existing Knowledge	73	0.60%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		3	4.11%
iii. Black		14	19.18%
iv. White		50	68.49%
v. Hispanic/ Latino		6	8.22%
c. Moving Traffic Violation	10764	89.18%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		26	0.24%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		659	6.12%
iii. Black		1161	10.79%
iv. White		8067	74.94%
v. Hispanic/ Latino		851	7.91%
d. Vehicle Traffic Violation	1123	9.30%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		4	0.36%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		81	7.21%
iii. Black		174	15.49%
iv. White		752	66.96%
v. Hispanic/ Latino		112	9.97%

07. Was a Search Conducted

a. NO	11874	98.38%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		29	0.24%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		743	6.26%
iii. Black		1318	11.10%
iv. White		8822	74.30%
v. Hispanic/ Latino		962	8.10%
b. YES	196	1.62%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		1	0.51%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		3	1.53%
iii. Black		45	22.96%

iv. White	130	66.33%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	17	8.67%

08. Reason for Search

a. Consent	22	0.18%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	1	4.55%
iii. Black	2	9.09%
iv. White	17	77.27%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	2	9.09%
b. Contraband in Plain View	4	0.03%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%
iii. Black	0	0.00%
iv. White	3	75.00%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	1	25.00%
c. Probable Cause	95	0.79%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	1	1.05%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	1	1.05%
iii. Black	32	33.68%
iv. White	55	57.89%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	6	6.32%
d. Inventory	7	0.06%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	0	0.00%
iii. Black	2	28.57%
iv. White	4	57.14%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	1	14.29%
e. Incident to Arrest	68	0.56%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	0	0.00%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	1	1.47%
iii. Black	9	13.24%
iv. White	51	75.00%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	7	10.29%

09. Was Contraband Discovered

a. YES	116	0.96%
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	1	0.86%
Finding resulted in arrest - YES	0	
Finding resulted in arrest - NO	1	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	1	0.86%

	Finding resulted in arrest - YES		0	
	Finding resulted in arrest - NO		1	
iii.	Black		31	26.72%
	Finding resulted in arrest - YES		0	
	Finding resulted in arrest - NO		31	
iv.	White		74	63.79%
	Finding resulted in arrest - YES		1	
	Finding resulted in arrest - NO		73	
v.	Hispanic/ Latino		9	7.76%
	Finding resulted in arrest - YES		1	
	Finding resulted in arrest - NO		8	
b.	NO	11954	99.04%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		29	0.24%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		745	6.23%
	iii. Black		1132	9.47%
	iv. White		8878	74.27%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		970	8.11%

10. Description of Contraband

a.	Drugs	79	0.65%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		1	1.27%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		1	1.27%
	iii. Black		22	27.85%
	iv. White		49	62.03%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		6	7.59%
b.	Currency	0	0.00%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		0	0.00%
	iv. White		0	0.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%
c.	Weapons	2	0.02%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		1	50.00%
	iv. White		1	50.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%
d.	Alcohol	12	0.10%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		3	25.00%

	iv. White		9	75.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%
e.	Stolen Property	0	0.00%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		0	0.00%
	iv. White		0	0.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%
f.	Other	23	0.19%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		5	21.74%
	iv. White		15	65.22%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		3	13.04%

11. Result of Stop

a.	Verbal Warning	76	0.63%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		5	6.58%
	iii. Black		7	9.21%
	iv. White		59	77.63%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		5	6.58%
b.	Written Warning	6954	57.61%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		15	0.22%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		445	6.40%
	iii. Black		774	11.13%
	iv. White		5325	76.57%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		395	5.68%
c.	Citation	4920	40.76%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		15	0.30%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		295	6.00%
	iii. Black		563	11.44%
	iv. White		3482	70.77%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		563	11.44%
d.	Written Warning and Arrest	41	0.34%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		6	14.63%
	iv. White		32	78.05%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		3	7.32%
e.	Citation and Arrest	73	0.60%	

	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		1	1.37%
	iii. Black		11	15.07%
	iv. White		51	69.86%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		10	13.70%
f.	Arrest	6	0.05%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		2	33.33%
	iv. White		3	50.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		1	16.67%

12. Arrest Based On

a.	Violation of Penal Code	73	0.60%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		3	4.11%
	iv. White		63	86.30%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		7	9.59%
b.	Violation of Traffic Law	5	0.04%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		2	40.00%
	iv. White		0	0.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		3	60.00%
c.	Violation of City Ordinance	1	0.01%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		0	0.00%
	iv. White		1	100.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%
d.	Outstanding Warrant	44	0.36%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		1	2.27%
	iii. Black		14	31.82%
	iv. White		24	54.55%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		5	11.36%

13. Was Physical Force Used

a.	NO	12070	100.00%
----	----	-------	---------

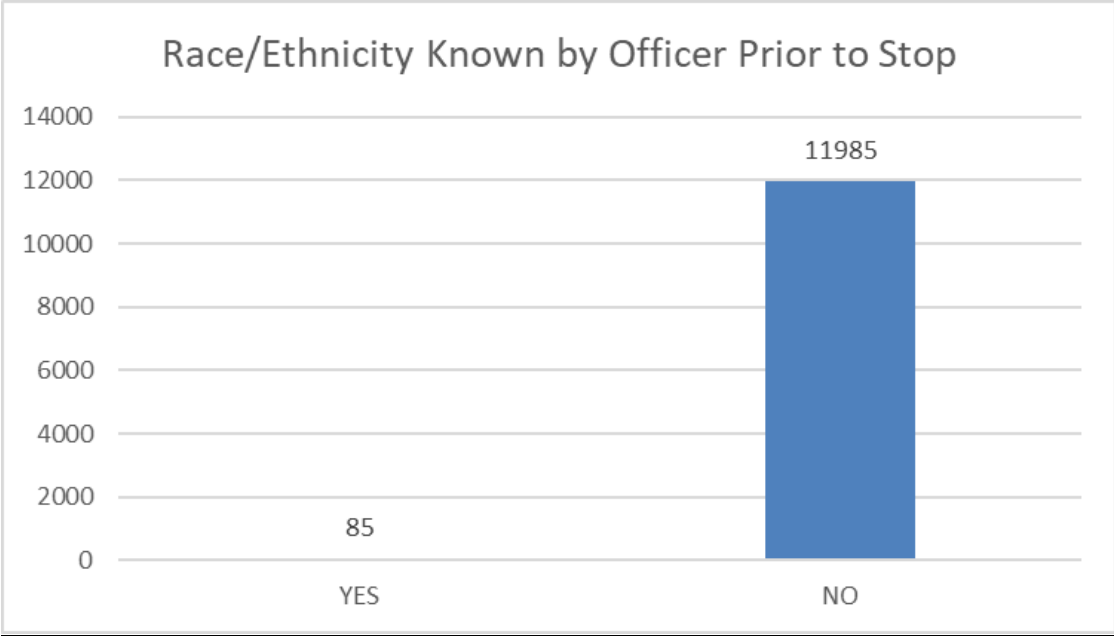
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		30	0.25%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		746	6.18%
	iii. Black		1363	11.29%
	iv. White		8952	74.17%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		979	8.11%
b.	YES	0	0.00%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		0	0.00%
	iv. White		0	0.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%
13 b 1.	YES: Physical Force Resulting in Bodily Injury to Suspect		0	0.00%
13 b 2.	YES: Physical Force Resulting in Bodily Injury to Officer		0	0.00%
13 b 3.	YES: Physical Force Resulting in Bodily Injury to Both		0	0.00%

14. Total Number of Racial Profiling Complaints Received 0

REPORT DATE COMPILED February 26, 2021

Table 1. Additional context for #3 above regarding race or ethnicity known prior to the motor vehicle contact.

3. Race or Ethnicity Known Prior to Stop?		
	Count of Race Known	% of Race
No	11985	99.3%
Yes	85	0.7%
Totals	12070	100.0%



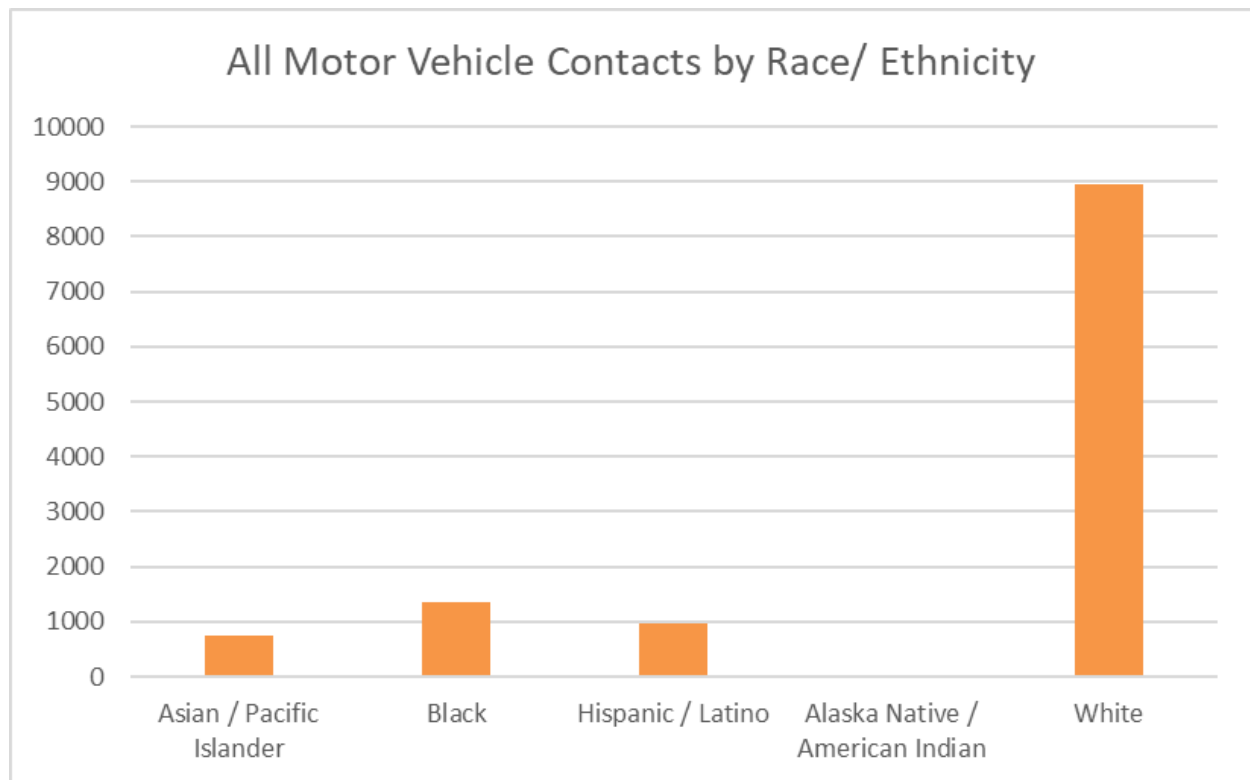
Racial Profiling Complaints Received in 2020

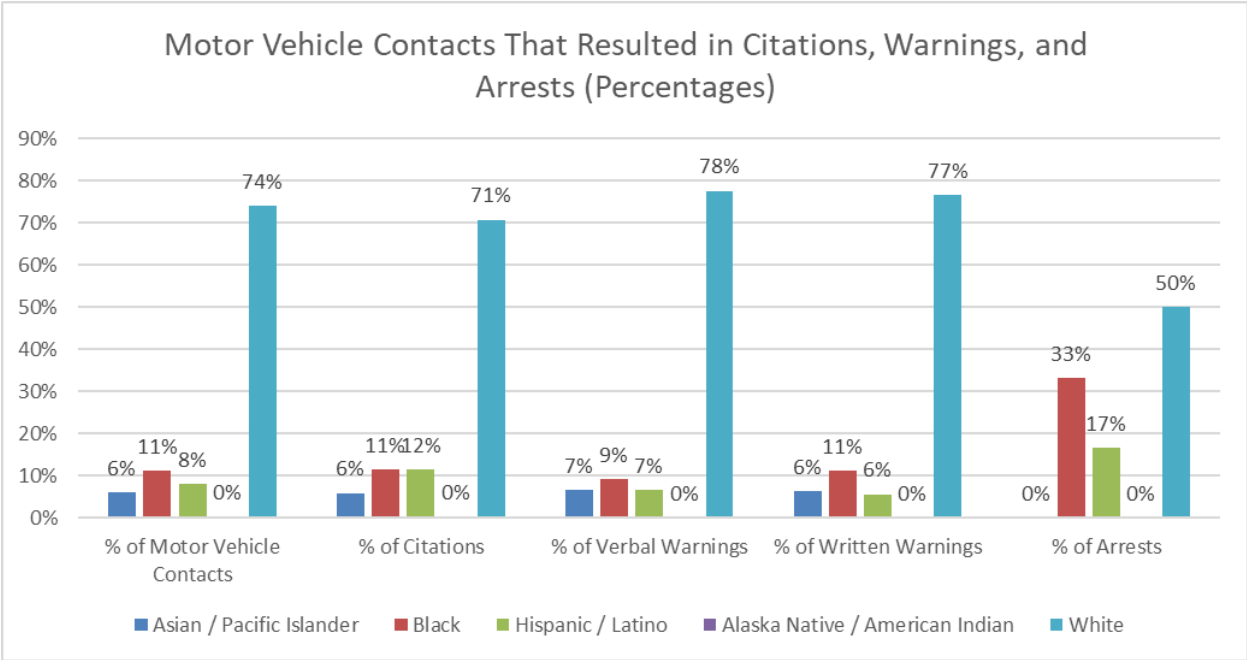
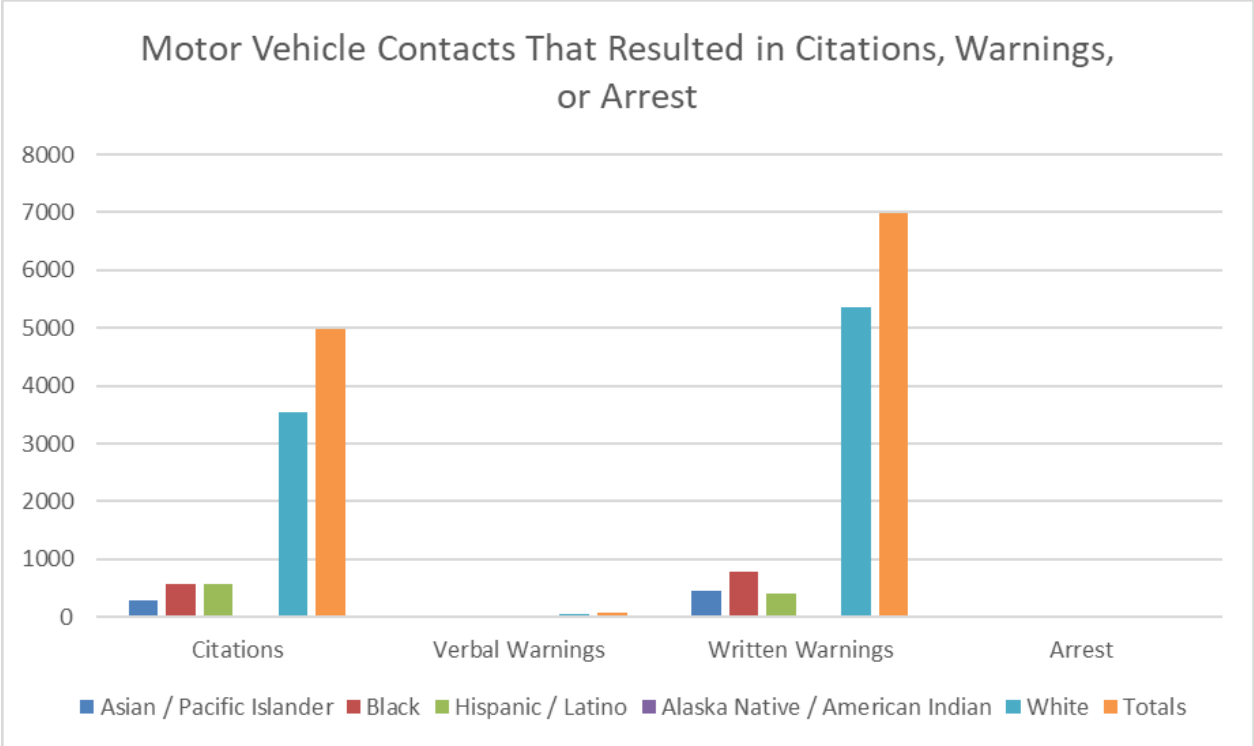
The Colleyville Police Department did not receive any official complaints on any of its officers for having violated the Texas Racial Profiling Law during the time period of this report (1/1/20 - 12/31/20).

Tables and Graphs of Motor Vehicle Contacts

Table 1: Motor Vehicle Contacts by Race/Ethnicity That Resulted in Citations, Warnings, and Arrests (1/1/2020 – 12/31/2020)

Race / Ethnicity	All Motor Vehicle Contacts	% of Motor Vehicle Contacts	Citations	% of Citations	Verbal Warnings	% of Verbal Warnings	Written Warnings	% of Written Warnings	Arrest	% of Arrests
Asian / Pacific Islander	746	6%	296	6%	5	7%	445	6%	0	0%
Black	1363	11%	574	11%	7	9%	780	11%	2	33%
Hispanic / Latino	979	8%	575	12%	5	7%	398	6%	1	17%
Alaska Native / American Indian	30	0%	15	0%	0	0%	15	0%	0	0%
White	8952	74%	3533	71%	59	78%	5357	77%	3	50%
Totals	12070	100%	4993	100%	76	100%	6995	100%	6	100%





**Table 2: Motor Vehicle Contacts vs. Tarrant County Demographics Comparison (Percentages)
(1/1/20 – 12/31/20)**

Race / Ethnicity	Motor Vehicle Contacts % in 2020	Colleyville Demographics % (2019 Census Data)	Tarrant County Demographics % (2019 Census Data)
Asian / Pacific Islander	6%	5.2%	5.8%
Black	11%	1.9%	17.9%
Hispanic / Latino	8%	4.1%	29.5%
Alaska Native / American Indian	0%	0.0%	0.9%
White	74%	87.3%	45.3%
Totals	100%	98.5%	99.4%

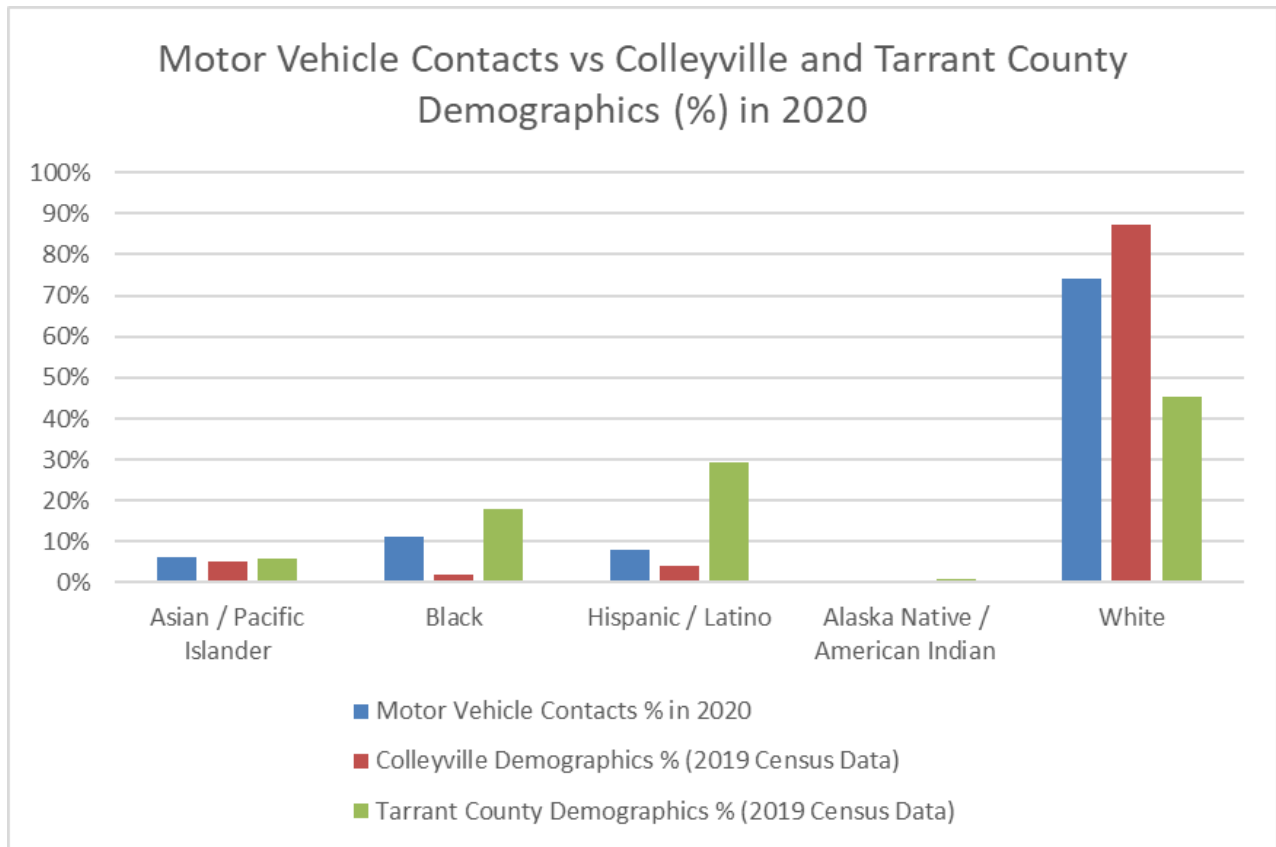
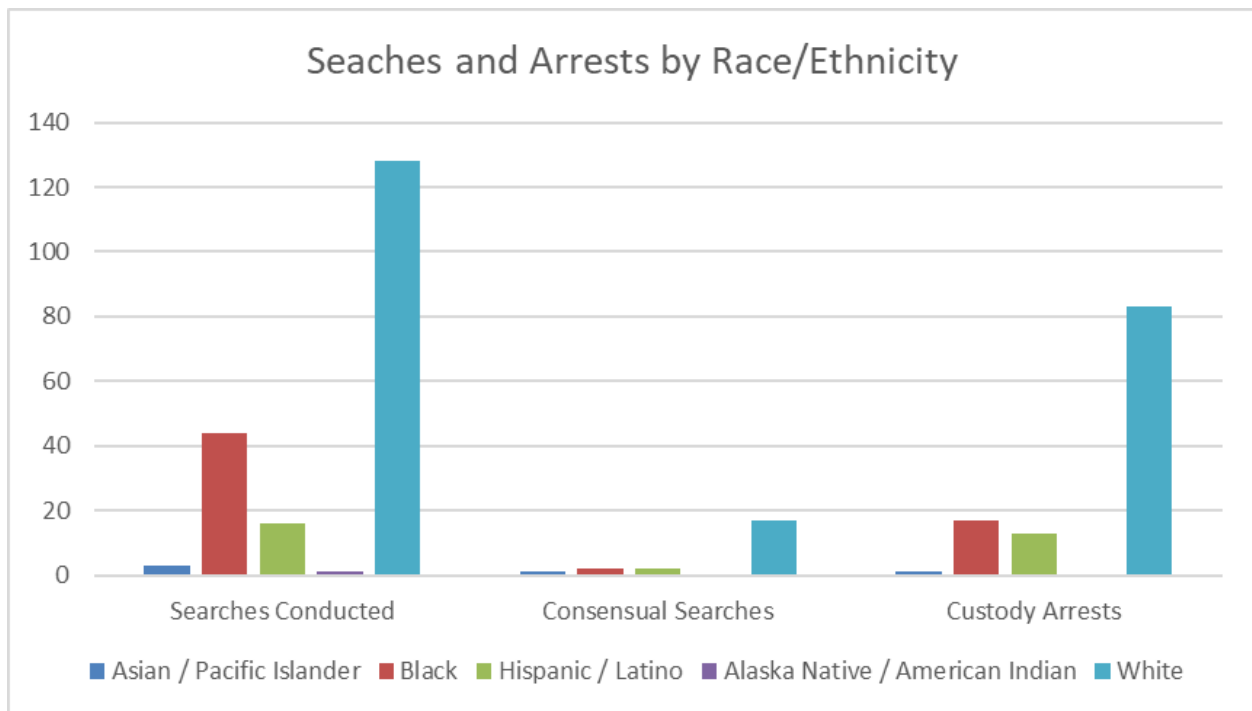


Table 3: Motor Vehicle Contacts by Race/Ethnicity That Resulted in Searches and Arrests (1/1/20 – 12/31/20)

Race / Ethnicity	All Motor Vehicle Contacts	% of Motor Vehicle Contacts	Searches Conducted	% of Searches	Consensual Searches	% of Consensual Searches	Custody Arrests	% of Custody Arrests
Asian / Pacific Islander	746	6%	3	2%	1	5%	1	1%
Black	1363	11%	44	23%	2	9%	17	15%
Hispanic / Latino	979	8%	16	8%	2	9%	13	11%
Alaska Native / American Indian	30	0%	1	1%	0	0%	0	0%
White	8952	74%	128	67%	17	77%	83	73%
Totals	12070	100%	192	100%	22	100%	114	100%



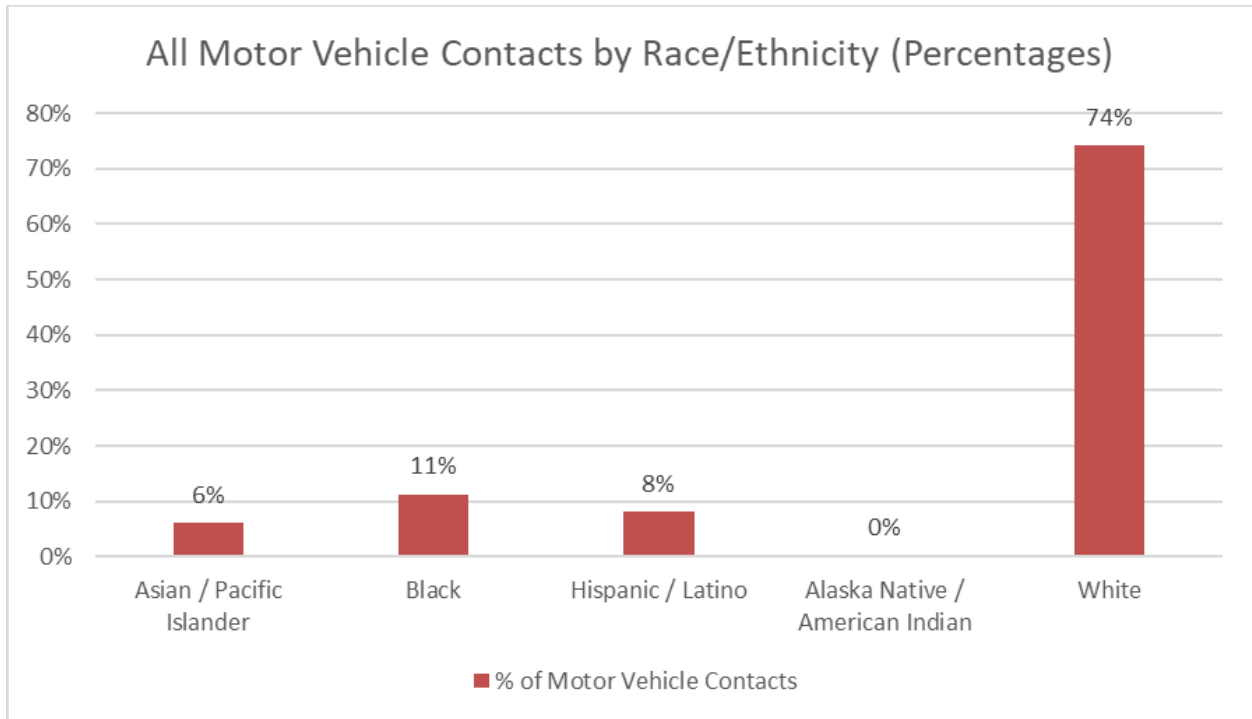
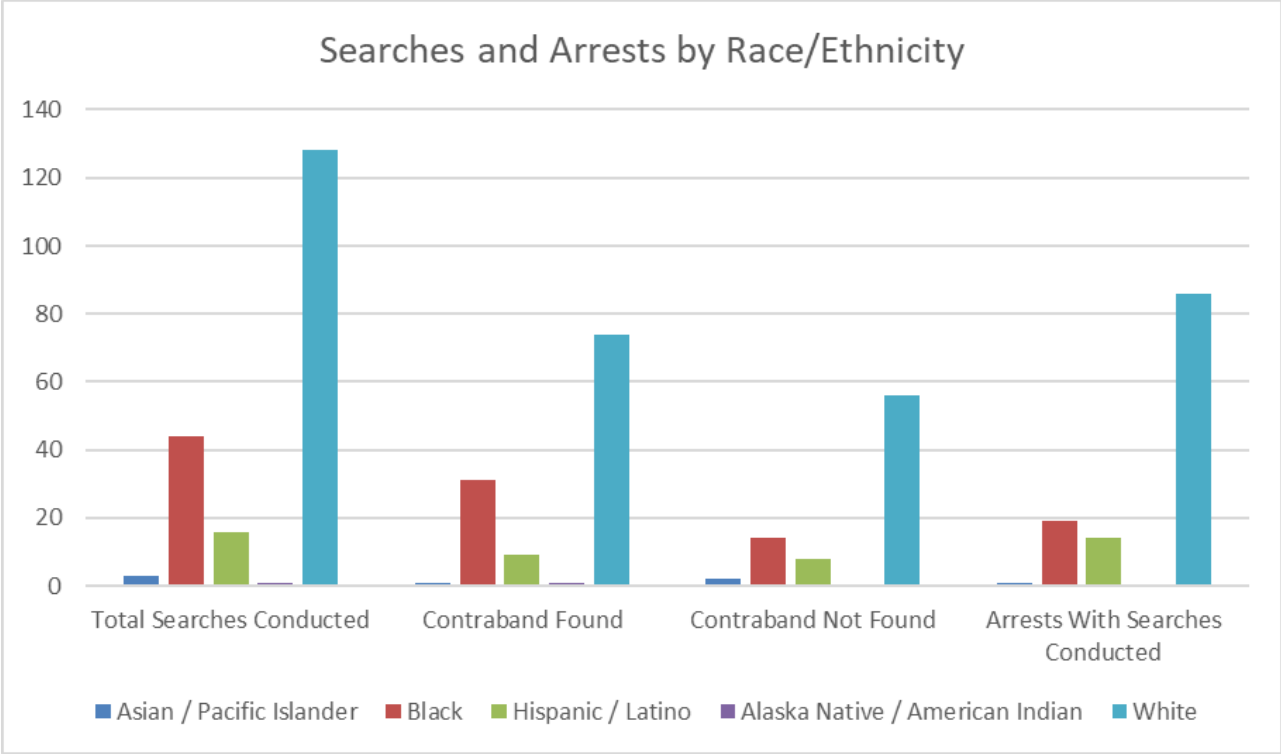


Table 4: Search Data for Analysis (1/1/20 – 12/31/20)

Race / Ethnicity	Total Searches Conducted	% Searches	Contraband Found	% of Searches With Contraband Found by Race/Ethnicity	Contraband Not Found	% of Searches With Contraband Not Found by Race/Ethnicity	Arrests With Searches Conducted	% of Arrests With Searches Conducted
Asian / Pacific Islander	3	2%	1	33%	2	67%	1	1%
Black	44	23%	31	70%	14	32%	19	16%
Hispanic / Latino	16	8%	9	56%	8	50%	14	12%
Alaska Native / American Indian	1	1%	1	0%	0	0%	0	0%
White	128	67%	74	58%	56	44%	86	72%
Totals	192	100%	116	60%	80	42%	120	100%



Analysis and Summary

Approach

In an effort to comply with the Texas Racial Profiling Law, the Colleyville Police Department analyzed and carefully reviewed its 2020 motor vehicle-related contact data. In addition, we compared our motor vehicle related contacts to census data for both Colleyville and Tarrant County. We think it's important to include Tarrant County data in our analysis due to the number of commuters that traverse the city throughout the day. The majority of our stops and arrests are people who reside outside of the city of Colleyville.

We also analyzed all of the Tier 2 data regarding the issuance of citations and warnings as well as when officers made arrests. We reviewed the reasons for traffic stops and the locations those stops were made. In addition, we looked at search patterns by the department by race/ethnicity, reasons for those searches, how often contraband was discovered, and the types of contraband most commonly found. Finally, we analyzed all of our traffic contacts and arrests for any physical force that resulted in bodily injury.

Analysis

In analyzing the data, we found that the majority of vehicle related contacts were White Males. Overall, Whites made up 74% of motor vehicle related contacts, followed by Blacks (11%), Hispanics/Latinos (8%), Asian / Pacific Islanders (6%) and only less than 1% were Alaska Native / American Indian. The race of a driver was not known by the officer prior to the stop 99.3% of the time. More than 89% of our vehicle related contacts were made for a "Moving Traffic Violation". The Colleyville Police Department wrote more Written Warnings than Citations in 2020.

More than 88% of our vehicle related contacts were made on a city street. 98% of the time, these stops did not result in a search. Whites made up 63% of the searches conducted by Colleyville Police Officers, followed by Blacks at 23% and Hispanics at 9%. While whites were searched more often than any other race, contraband was found in over 58% of their searches. Contraband was found in over 70% of searches of Blacks, 56% of searches of Hispanics, and 33% of searches of Asians. When searches were conducted, the most common reason cited by officers was due to "Probable Cause" closely followed by "Incident to Arrest". Contraband was found in 60% of the searches that were conducted. When contraband was found during a search, "Drugs" was the most common description of contraband that was found.

We had no (zero) contacts that resulted in the use of physical force resulting in bodily injury in 2020.

Summary

The Texas Racial Profiling requires Police Departments to report all of its Tier 2 data consistent with all other agencies in the State of Texas. Furthermore, it requires agencies to audit its data to ensure integrity and accuracy. We have audited our data and provided the findings in this document. Finally, we also included our analysis of the 196 searches performed by our officers as required by law. This comprehensive report demonstrates that the Colleyville Police Department has complied with all of the

requirements of the Texas Racial Profiling Law. Our racial profiling policy is comprehensive, and our complaint process is thorough and aligned with national best practices. Finally, this report demonstrates that the Colleyville Police Department does not practice and will not tolerate racial profiling.