

2021 RACIAL PROFILING REPORT

Colleyville Police Department

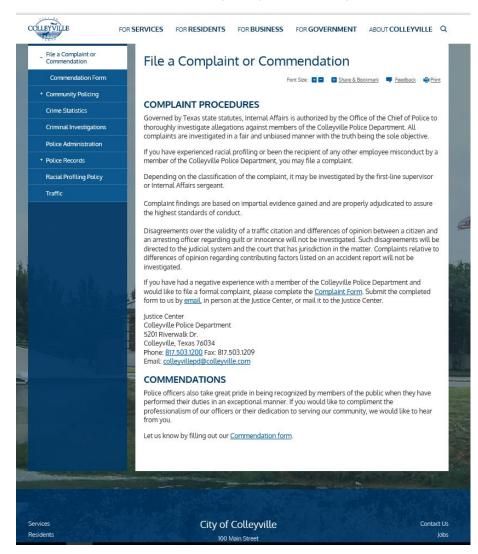
January 1, 2021 – December 31, 2021

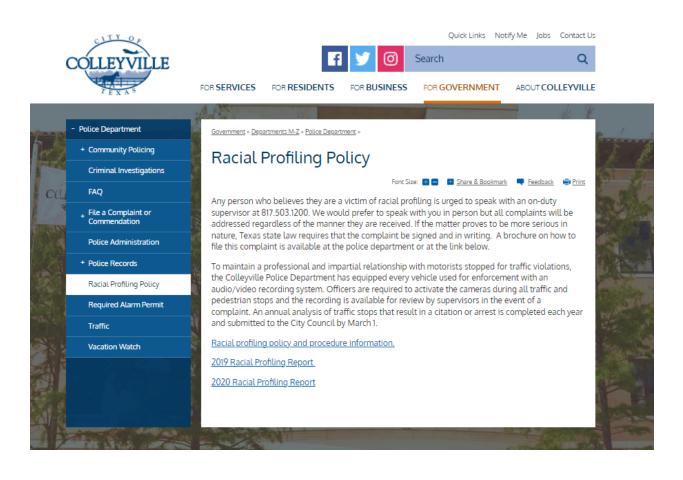
Chief Michael C. Miller mmiller@colleyville.com

Public Education on Policy and Process for Filing Complaints and Commendation

The Texas Racial Profiling Law requires police departments to provide information to the public on how they can file a racial profiling complaint or a commendation. The complaint procedures are outlined on the Colleyville Police Department's website and the same information and forms are available in the public lobby of the Police Department. Furthermore, our policy requires that officers provide information on how to file a complaint or commendation to every citizen who is issued a verbal warning, citation, or written warning. Our policy does not allow for traffic stops to be cleared with just a verbal warning. They must be cleared with either a written warning or a citation to ensure compliance with this requirement. While our policy prohibits verbal warning whenever possible, there are normally a small number of exceptions to this policy, and this year we issued 94 verbal warnings from stops. In these cases, a verbal warning was the only appropriate clearance. In all 94 cases, officers filled out the appropriate form in our CAD/RMS system to ensure all of the relevant demographic data was captured and provided the citizen with a separate document that outlines the complaint process.

We believe that through all of these efforts, our community has been properly informed of the complaint processes regarding racial profiling.





Complaint Form

Colleyville Police Department Police Complaint Form

The following form must be filled out as completely as possible before any action can be taken on your complaint. Disagreements over the validity of a traffic citation and differences of opinion between a citizen and an arresting officer regarding guilt or innocence will not be investigated. Such disagreements will be directed to the judicial system and the court that has jurisdiction in the matter. Complaints relative to differences of opinion regarding contributing factors listed on an accident report will not be investigated.

Name of Complainant:		
Contact Address:		
Home Phone:	Work Phone:	
Date and Time of Incident:		
Location of Incident:		
Name of officer(s) against whom complaint is number, badge number, etc.)	being filed, or other ident	ifying marks (car
Name:	Rank:	I.D. #
Badge: Other:		

Please write a brief narrative of your complaint in the space provided below and on the following page of this form. Attach additional pages if needed. (Please Note: False statements made under oath may be subject to prosecution under PC Sec 37.02 Perjury, PC Sec. 37.08 False Report, or civil statutes.)

Colleyville Police Department Police Complaint Form

Additional space (if needed):

The undersigned swear that the facts contained on page one, two, and all attachments of this document are within their personal knowledge and are true and correct.

Signature of Complainant

Date

Agency Policy on Racial Profiling

ICE OPPICE	COLLEYVILLE POLICE DEPARTMENT				
REED	Policy 202 NON-BIAS BASED POLICING				
	Effective Date: 06/28/2021	Replaces: 04/06/2020			
	Reference: TBP: 2.01 CALEA: 1.2.9				

I. POLICY

We are committed to exhibit respect for constitutional rights in the performance of our duties. Our success is based on the respect we give to our communities, and the respect members of the community observe toward law enforcement. To this end, we shall exercise our sworn duties, responsibilities, and obligations in a manner that does not discriminate on the basis of race, sex, gender, national origin, ethnicity, age, or religion. All people carry biases: in law enforcement, however, the failure to control our biases can lead to illegal arrests, searches, and detentions, thus thwarting the mission of our department. Most importantly, actions guided by bias destroy the trust and respect essential for our mission to succeed. We live and work in diverse communities: respect for diversity and equitable enforcement of the law are essential to our mission.

All enforcement actions, particularly stops of individuals (for traffic and other purposes), investigative detentions, arrests, searches and seizures of persons or property, shall be based on the standards of reasonable suspicion or probable cause as required by the Fourth Amendment to the U. S. Constitution and statutory authority. In all enforcement decisions, officers shall be able to articulate specific facts, circumstances, and conclusions which support probable cause or reasonable suspicion for arrests, searches, seizures, and stops of individuals. Officers shall not stop, detain, arrest, search, or attempt to search anyone based solely upon the person's race, sex, sexual orientation, gender, national origin, ethnicity, age, or religion. Officers shall base all such actions on a reasonable suspicion that the person or an occupant of a vehicle committed an offense.

All departmental orders are informed and guided by this directive. Nothing in this order limits non-enforcement contacts between officers and the public.

II. PURPOSE

The purpose of this order is to provide general guidance on reducing the presence of bias in law enforcement actions, to identify key contexts in which bias may influence these actions, and emphasize the importance of the constitutional guidelines within which we operate.

III. DEFINITIONS

Most of the following terms appear in this order. In any case, these terms appear in the larger public discourse about alleged biased enforcement behavior and in other orders. These definitions are intended to facilitate on-going discussion and analysis of our enforcement practices.

- A. Bias: Prejudice or partiality which may be based on preconceived ideas, a person's upbringing, culture, experience, or education.
- B. Biased policing: Stopping, detaining, searching, or attempting to search, or using force against a person based upon his or her race, ethnic background, gender, sexual orientation, religion, economic status, age, cultural group, or any other identifiable group.
- C. Ethnicity: A cluster of characteristics which may include race but also cultural characteristics or traits which are shared by a group with a common experience or history.
- D. Gender: Unlike sex, a psychological classification based on cultural characteristics or traits.
- E. Probable cause: Facts or apparent facts and circumstances within an officer's knowledge and of which the officer had reasonable, trustworthy information to lead a reasonable person to believe that an offense has been or is being committed, and that the suspect has committed it.
- F. Race: A category of people of a particular decent, including Caucasian, African, Hispanic, Asian, or Native American descent. As distinct from ethnicity, race only refers to physical characteristics sufficiently distinctive to group people under a classification.
- G. Racial profiling: A law-enforcement initiated action based on an individual's race, ethnicity, or national origin rather than on the individual's behavior or on information identifying the individual as having engaged in criminal activity.
- H. Reasonable suspicion: Articulable, objective facts which lead an experienced officer to suspect that a person has committed, is committing, or may be about to commit a crime. A well-founded suspicion is based on the totality of the circumstances and does not exist unless it can be articulated. Reasonable suspicion supports a stop of a person. Courts require that stops based on reasonable suspicion be "objectively reasonable."
- L Sex: A biological classification, male or female, based on physical and genetic characteristics.
- J. Stop: The detention of a subject for a brief period of time, based on reasonable suspicion. A stop is an investigative detention.

IV. PROCEDURES

A. General responsibilities

- Officers are prohibited from engaging in bias based profiling or stopping, detaining, searching, arresting, or taking any enforcement action including seizure or forfeiture activities, against any person based solely on the person's race, national origin, citizenship, religion, ethnicity, age, gender, color, creed, sexual orientation, disability, or economic status. These characteristics, however, may form part of reasonable suspicion or probable cause when officers are seeking a suspect with one or more of these attributes. (TBP: 2.01) [1.2.9a]
- 2. Reasonable suspicion or probable cause shall form the basis for any enforcement actions or decisions. Individuals shall only be subjected to stops, seizures, or detention upon reasonable suspicion that they have committed, are committing, or are about to commit an offense. Officers shall document the elements of reasonable suspicion and probable cause in appropriate reports.
- Officers shall observe all constitutional safeguards and shall respect the constitutional rights of all persons.
 - a. As traffic stops provide a primary source of bias-related complaints, officers shall have a firm understanding of the warrantless searches allowed by law, particularly the use of consent. How the officer disengages from a traffic stop may be crucial to a person's perception of fairness or discrimination.
 - b. Officers shall not use the refusal or lack of cooperation to justify a search of the person or vehicle or a prolonged detention once reasonable suspicion has been dispelled.
- 4. All personnel shall treat everyone with the same courtesy and respect that they would have others observe to department personnel. To this end, personnel are reminded that the exercise of courtesy and respect engenders a future willingness to cooperate with law enforcement.
 - a. Personnel shall facilitate an individual's access to other governmental services whenever possible, and shall actively provide referrals to other appropriate agencies.
 - b. All personnel shall courteously accept, document, and forward to the Chief of Police any complaints made by an individual against the department. Further, officers shall provide information on the complaint process and shall give copies of the "How to Make a Complaint" pamphlet when appropriate.
- When feasible, personnel shall offer explanations of the reasons for enforcement actions or other decisions that bear on an individuals' well-being

unless the explanation would undermine an investigation or jeopardize an officer's safety. When concluding an encounter, personnel shall thank him or her for cooperating.

- 6. When feasible, all personnel shall identify themselves by name. When a person requests the information, personnel shall give their departmental identification number, name of the immediate supervisor, or any other reasonable information.
- All personnel are accountable for their actions. Personnel shall justify their actions when required.
- B. Supervisory responsibilities
 - Supervisors shall be held accountable for the observance of constitutional safeguards during the performance of their duties. Supervisors shall identify and correct instances of bias in the work of their subordinates.
 - Supervisors shall use the disciplinary mechanisms of the department to ensure compliance with this order and the constitutional requirements of law enforcement.
 - 3. Supervisors shall be mindful that in accounting for the actions and performance of subordinates, supervisors are key to maintaining community trust in law enforcement. Supervisors shall continually reinforce the ethic of impartial enforcement of the laws, and shall ensure that personnel, by their actions, maintain the community's trust in law enforcement.
 - 4. Supervisors are reminded that biased enforcement of the laws provokes not only mistrust of law enforcement, but increases safety risks to personnel. Lack of control over bias also exposes the department to liability consequences.
 - Supervisors shall ensure that all enforcement actions are duly documented per departmental policy. Supervisors shall ensure that all reports show adequate documentation of reasonable suspicion and probable cause, if applicable.
 - Supervisors shall facilitate the filing of any complaints about law enforcement service.
- C. Disciplinary consequences
 - Actions prohibited by this order shall be cause for disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.
- D. Training (TBP: 2.01) [1.2.96]

- Every officer and affected personnel will complete an initial mandatory training and education program on racial profiling as required by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE), within the time frames required by law. The Chief of Police shall complete the training required by Section 96.641 of the Texas Education Code.
- Every Colleyville officer and affected personnel will receive ongoing training in bias based profiling issues including legal aspects as needed.
- Annual training will be required for affected personnel in biased issues including legal aspects.

V. COMPLAINTS

- A. The department shall provide "How to Make a Complaint" information to anyone who requests it. The department's complaint process and its non-bias based profiling policy will be posted on the department's website. Whenever possible, the media will be used to inform the public of the department's policy and complaint process.
- B. Complaints alleging incidents of bias based profiling will be fully investigated as described under Policy 204.
- C. Complainants will be notified of the results of the investigations when such investigation is completed.

VI. RECORD KEEPING [1.2.9c]

- A. The department will maintain all required records on traffic stops regardless of whether a citation or warning is issued and where an arrest is made subsequent to a traffic stop pursuant to state law.
- B The information collected above shall be compiled in an annual report for the Colleyville City Council, and filed as appropriate for CALEA Accreditation and TPCA Recognition Program. The annual report should include a review of agency practices regarding biased policing, traffic warnings and citations, and citizen concerns and corrective measures taken.
- C. The information will also be reported to TCOLE in the required format.

5

Racial Profiling Report 2021

Tier 2 Data

PLEASE NOTE: This report only includes traffic stops resulting in a citation, traffic stops resulting in a citation with an arrest, traffic stop resulting in a verbal warning, traffic stops resulting in a warning with an arrest, traffic stops resulting in an arrest, and field interviews that resulted in an arrest. This report does not include any stops from traffic collisions.

Colleyville Police Department

01.	Total Tr	affic Stops	15231	1	
02.	Location	ı of Stop			
	a.	City Street	13605	89.32%	
	b.	US Highway	0	0.00%	
	с.	County Road	0	0.00%	
	d.	State Highway	1584	10.40%	
	e.	Private Property or Other	42	0.28%	
03.	Was Rac	e known prior to Stop			
	a.	NO	15157	99.51%	
	b.	YES	74	0.49%	
04.	Race or	Ethnicity			
	a.	Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	29	0.19%	
	b.	Asian/ Pacific Islander	937	6.15%	
	с.	Black	1886	12.38%	
	d.	White	11291	74.13%	
	e.	Hispanic/ Latino	1088	7.14%	
05.	Gender:				
	a.	Female	6319	41.49%	
		i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		7	0.11%
		ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		318	5.03%
		iii. Black		765	12.11%
		iv. White		4918	77.83%
		v. Hispanic/ Latino		311	4.92%
	b.	Male	8912	58.51%	
		i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		22	0.25%

ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	619	6.95%
iii. Black	1121	12.58%
iv. White	6373	71.51%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	777	8.72%

06. Reason for Stop:

	or stop.				
a.	Violation of Law	86	0.56%		
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		1	1.16%	
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		1	1.16%	
	iii. Black		13	15.12%	
	iv. White		64	74.42%	
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		7	8.14%	
b.	Pre-Existing Knowledge	78	0.51%		
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%	
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		5	6.41%	
	iii. Black		19	24.36%	
	iv. White		49	62.82%	
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		5	6.41%	
с.	Moving Traffic Violation	12918	84.81%		
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		19	0.15%	
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		818	6.33%	
	iii. Black		1556	12.05%	
	iv. White		9640	74.62%	
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		885	6.85%	
d.	Vehicle Traffic Violation	2149	14.11%		
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		9	0.42%	
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		113	5.26%	
	iii. Black		298	13.87%	
	iv. White		1538	71.57%	
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		191	8.89%	

07. Was a Search Conducted

0.18%
6.28%
11.94%
74.48%
7.13%
0.78%

ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander	5	1.29%
iii. Black	114	29.46%
iv. White	235	60.72%
v. Hispanic/ Latino	30	7.75%

08. Reason for Search

a.	Consent	15	0.10%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		2	13.33%
	iv. White		11	73.33%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		2	13.33%
b.	Contraband in Plain View	4	0.03%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		0	0.00%
	iv. White		4	100.00 %
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%
с.	Probable Cause	275	1.81%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		3	1.09%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		4	1.45%
	iii. Black		96	34.91%
	iv. White		154	56.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		18	6.55%
d.	Inventory	9	0.06%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		1	11.11%
	iv. White		7	77.78%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		1	11.11%
e.	Incident to Arrest	84	0.55%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		1	1.19%
	iii. Black		15	17.86%
	iv. White		59	70.24%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		9	10.71%

09. Was Contraband Discovered

a. YES

i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian

Finding resulted in arrest - YES		0	
Finding resulted in arrest - NO		2	
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		4	1.45%
Finding resulted in arrest - YES		2	
Finding resulted in arrest - NO		2	
iii. Black		75	27.27%
Finding resulted in arrest - YES		10	
Finding resulted in arrest - NO		65	
iv. White		174	63.27%
Finding resulted in arrest - YES		35	
Finding resulted in arrest - NO		139	
v. Hispanic/ Latino		20	7.27%
Finding resulted in arrest - YES		4	
Finding resulted in arrest - NO		16	
b. NO	112	0.74%	
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		1	0.89%
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		1	0.89%
iii. Black		39	34.82%
iv. White		51	45.54%
v. Hispanic/ Latino		10	8.93%

10. Description of Contraband

a.	Drugs	198	1.30%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		2	1.01%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		3	1.52%
	iii. Black		64	32.32%
	iv. White		117	59.09%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		12	6.06%
b.	Currency	2	0.01%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		1	50.00%
	iv. White		1	50.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%
с.	Weapons	12	0.08%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		7	58.33%
	iv. White		5	41.67%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		1	8.33%
d.	Alcohol	46	0.30%	

	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0 2	4.35%
	iii. Black		7	4.33%
	iv. White		32	69.57%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		5	10.87%
e.	Stolen Property	5	0.03%	10.0770
0.	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0.0570	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		2	40.00%
	iv. White		1	20.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		2	40.00%
f.	Other	61	0.40%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		8	13.11%
	iv. White		52	85.25%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		1	1.64%
11. Result	of Stop			1
a.	Verbal Warning	94	0.62%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		2	2.13%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		6	6.38%
	iii. Black		9	9.57%
	iv. White		71	75.53%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		6	6.38%
b.	Written Warning	8669	56.92%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		11	0.13%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		565	6.52%
	iii. Black		1028	11.86%
	iv. White		6671	76.95%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino	(200	394	4.54%
с.	Citation	6280	41.23%	0.240/
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		15 363	0.24%
			363	5.78%
	iii. Black iv. White		814 4415	12.96% 70.30%
			4415 673	70.30%
d.	v. Hispanic/ Latino Written Warning and Arrest	56		10.72%
d.	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian	30	0.37%	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0 1	0.00% 1.79%
	iii. Black		1 9	1.79% 16.07%
	III. DIACK		9	10.0770

	iv. White		42	75.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		4	7.14%
e.	Citation and Arrest	129	0.85%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		1	0.78%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		2	1.55%
	iii. Black		25	19.38%
	iv. White		90	69.77%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		11	8.53%
f.	Arrest	3	0.02%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		1	33.33%
	iv. White		2	66.67%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%
	Ĩ	1 1	I	
12. Arrest B	ased On			
a.	Violation of Penal Code	132	0.87%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		1	0.76%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		2	1.52%
	iii. Black		23	17.42%
	iv. White		94	71.21%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		12	9.09%
b.	Violation of Traffic Law	8	0.05%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		0	0.00%
	iv. White		6	75.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		2	25.00%
с.	Violation of City Ordinance	5	0.03%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		1	20.00%
	iii. Black		1	20.00%
	iv. White		3	60.00%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%
d.	Outstanding Warrant	43	0.28%	
	i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%
	ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%
	iii. Black		11	25.58%
	iv. White		31	72.09%
	v. Hispanic/ Latino		1	2.33%
	ĩ	1 1	I	

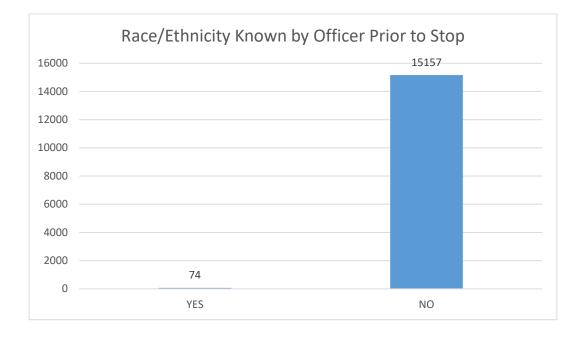
13. Was Physical Force Used									
a. NO	15231	100.00%							
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		29	0.19%						
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		937	6.15%						
iii. Black		1886	12.38%						
iv. White		11291	74.13%						
v. Hispanic/ Latino		1088	7.14%						
b. YES	0	0.00%							
i. Alaska/ Native American/ Indian		0	0.00%						
ii. Asian/ Pacific Islander		0	0.00%						
iii. Black		0	0.00%						
iv. White		0	0.00%						
v. Hispanic/ Latino		0	0.00%						
13 b 1. YES: Physical Force Resulting in Bodily Injury to Suspect		0	0.00%						
13 b 2. YES: Physical Force Resulting in Bodily Injury to Officer		0	0.00%						
13 b 3. YES: Physical Force Resulting in Bodily Injury to Both		0	0.00%						
14. Total Number of Racial Profiling Complaints Received	0								

REPORT DATE COMPILED	February 24, 2022

Table 1. Additional context for #3 above regarding race or ethnicity known prior to the motor vehicle contact.

3. Race or Ethnicity Known Prior to Stop?

•	Count of Race	% of Race
	Known	Known
No	15157	99.5%
Yes	74	0.5%
Totals	15231	100.0%



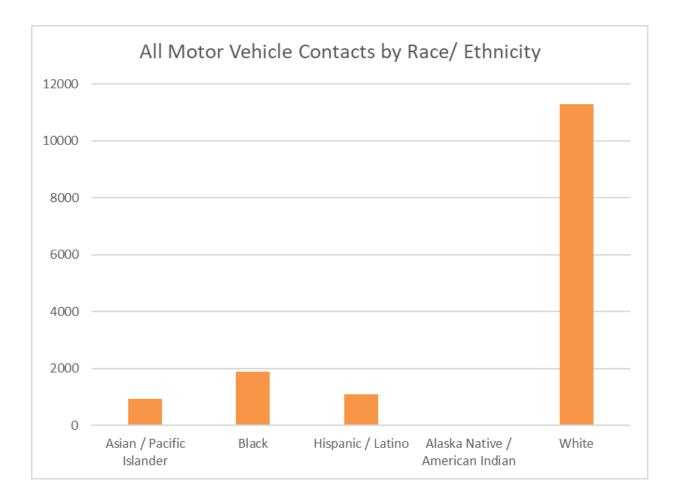
Racial Profiling Complaints Received in 2021

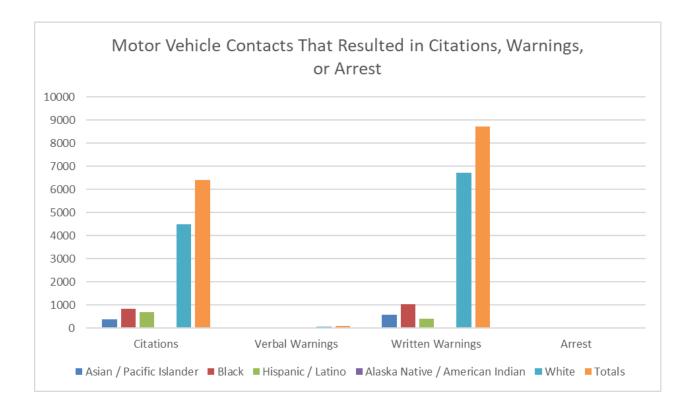
The Colleyville Police Department received 3 official complaints on its officers for allegedly violating the Texas Racial Profiling Law during the time period of this report (1/1/21 - 12/31/21). All 3 incidents were thoroughly investigated by the Internal Affairs Sergeant and all 3 were determined to have no basis in fact (Unfounded) and no disciplinary action taken.

Tables and Graphs of Motor Vehicle Contacts

Table 1: Motor Vehicle Contacts by Race/Ethnicity That Resulted in Citations, Warnings, and Arrests (1/1/2021 – 12/31/2021)

Race / Ethnicity	All Motor Vehicle Contacts	Vehicle	Citations	% of Citations	Verbal Warnings	% of Verbal Warnings	Written Warnings	% of Written Warnings	Arrest	% of Arrests
Asian / Pacific										
Islander	937	6%	365	6%	6	6%	566	6%	0	0%
Black	1886	12%	840	13%	9	10%	1036	12%	1	33%
Hispanic / Latino	1088	7%	684	11%	6	6%	398	5%	0	0%
Alaska Native / American										
Indian	29	0%	16	0%	2	2%	11	0%	0	0%
White	11291	74%	4505	70%	71	76%	6713	77%	2	67%
Totals	15231	100%	6410	100%	94	100%	8724	100%	3	100%





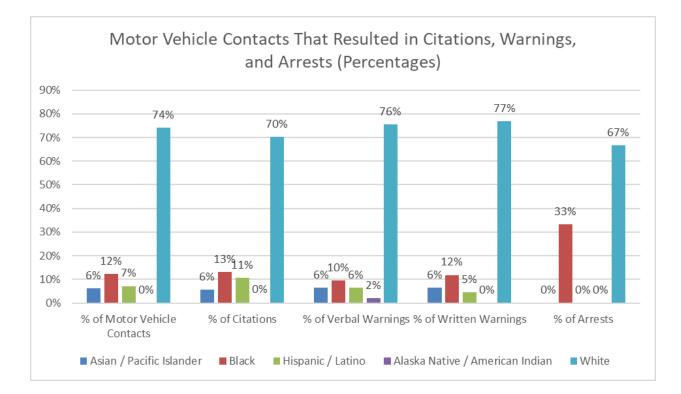


Table 2: Motor Vehicle Contacts vs. Tarrant County Demographics Comparison (Percentages) (1/1/21 – 12/31/21)

Race / Ethnicity	Motor Vehicle Contacts % in 2021	Colleyville Demographics % (2019 Census Data)	Tarrant County Demographics % (2019 Census Data)
Asian / Pacific Islander	6%	5.2%	5.8%
Black	12%	1.9%	17.9%
Hispanic / Latino	7%	4.1%	29.5%
Alaska Native / American			
Indian	0%	0.0%	0.9%
White	74%	87.3%	45.3%
Totals	100%	98.5%	99.4%

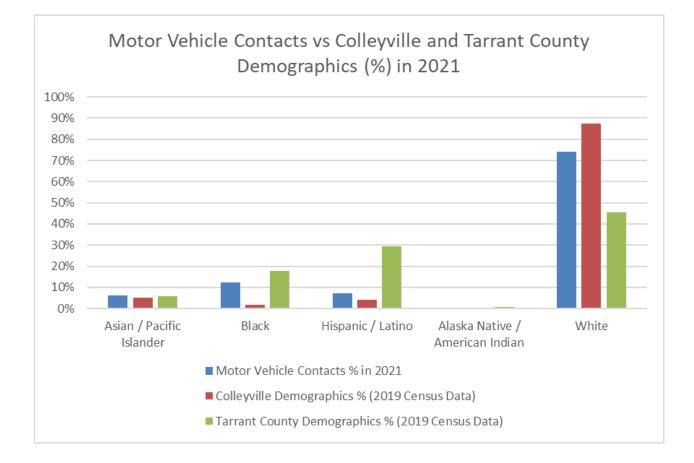
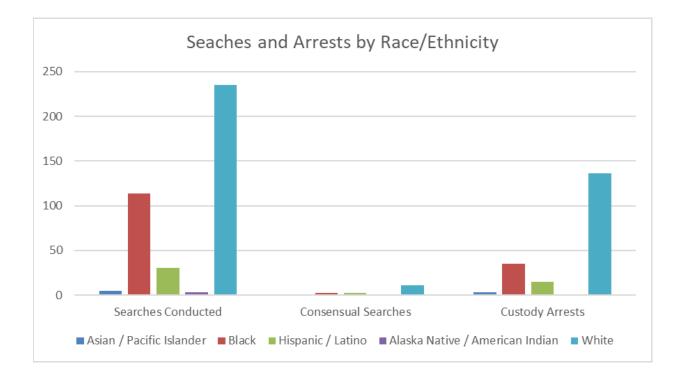


Table 3: Motor Vehicle Contacts by Race/Ethnicity That Resulted in Searches and Arrests (1/1/21 – 12/31/21)

Race / Ethnicity	All Motor Vehicle Contacts	% of Motor Vehicle Contacts	Searches Conducted			% of Consensual Searches		% of Custody Arrests
Asian / Pacific Islander	937	6%	5	1%	0	0%	3	2%
Black	1886	12%	114	29%	2	13%	35	18%
Hispanic / Latino	1088	7%	30	8%	2	13%	15	8%
Alaska Native / American								
Indian	29	0%	3	1%	0	0%	1	1%
White	11291	74%	235	61%	11	73%	136	72%
Totals	15231	100%	387	100%	15	100%	190	100%



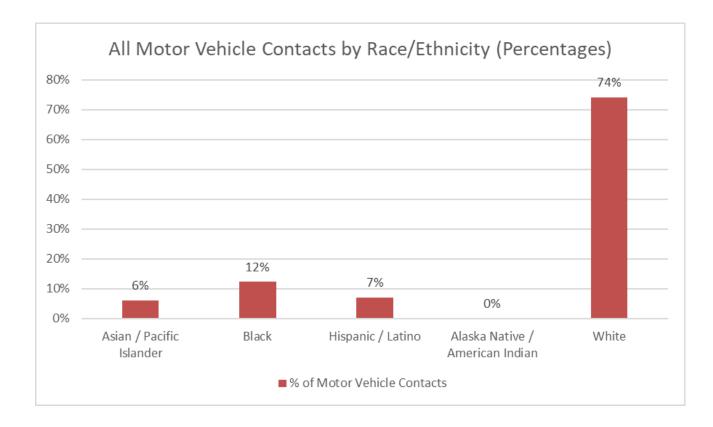
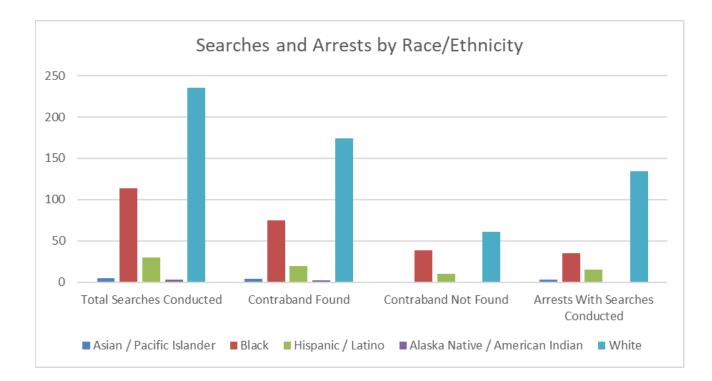


Table 4: Search Data for Analysis (1/1/21 – 12/31/21)

Race / Ethnicity	Total Searches Conducted	% Searches	Contraband Found	% of Searches With Contraband Found by Race/Ethnicity	Contraband	% of Searches With Contraband Not Found by Race/Ethnicity	Arrests With Searches	% of Arrests With Searches Conducted
Asian / Pacific Islander	5	1%	4	80%	1	20%	3	2%
Black	114	29%	75	66%	39	34%	35	19%
Hispanic / Latino	30	8%	20	67%	10	33%	15	8%
Alaska Native / American Indian	3	1%	2	0%	0	0%	0	0%
White	235	61%	174	74%	61	26%	134	72%
Totals	387	100%	275	71%	111	29%	187	100%



Analysis and Summary

Approach

In an effort to comply with the Texas Racial Profiling Law, the Colleyville Police Department analyzed and carefully reviewed its 2021 motor vehicle-related contact data. In addition, we compared our motor vehicle related contacts to census data for both Colleyville and Tarrant County. We think it's important to include Tarrant County data in our analysis due to the number of commuters that traverse the city throughout the day. The majority of our stops and arrests are people who reside outside of the city of Colleyville.

We also analyzed all of the Tier 2 data regarding the issuance of citations and warnings as well as when officers made arrests. We reviewed the reasons for traffic stops and the locations those stops were made. In addition, we looked at search patterns by the department by race/ethnicity, reasons for those searches, how often contraband was discovered, and the types of contraband most commonly found. Finally, we analyzed all of our traffic contacts and arrests for any physical force that resulted in bodily injury.

Analysis

In analyzing the data, we found that the majority of vehicle related contacts were White Males. Overall, Whites made up 74% of motor vehicle related contacts, followed by Blacks (12%), Hispanics/Latinos (7%), Asian / Pacific Islanders (6%) and only less than 1% were Alaska Native / American Indian. The race of a driver was not known by the officer prior to the stop 99.5% of the time. More than 84.81% of our vehicle related contacts were made for a "Moving Traffic Violation". The Colleyville Police Department wrote more Written Warnings than Citations in 2021. The information above very closely matches data from previous years.

More than 88% of our vehicle related contacts were made on a city street. 97.49% of the time, these stops did not result in a search. Whites made up 61% of the searches conducted by Colleyville Police Officers, followed by Blacks at 29% and Hispanics at 8%. While whites were searched more often than any other race, contraband was found in over 74% of their searches. Contraband was found in over 66% of searches of Blacks, 67% of searches of Hispanics, and 80% of searches of Asians. When searches were conducted, the most common reason cited by officers was due to "Probable Cause" closely followed by "Incident to Arrest". Contraband was found in 71% of the searches that were conducted. This is an increase in almost every category from 2020 and is evidence that Officers are generally searching the right people and their searches are finding contraband more often than the previous year. When contraband was found during a search, "Drugs" was the most common description of contraband that was found.

We had no (zero) contacts that resulted in the use of physical force resulting in bodily injury in 2021.

Summary

The Texas Racial Profiling requires Police Departments to report all of its Tier 2 data consistent with all other agencies in the State of Texas. Furthermore, it requires agencies to audit its data to ensure

integrity and accuracy. We have audited our data and provided the findings in this document. Finally, we also included our analysis of the 387 searches performed by our officers as required by law. This comprehensive report demonstrates that the Colleyville Police Department has complied with all of the requirements of the Texas Racial Profiling Law. Our racial profiling policy is comprehensive, and our complaint process is thorough and aligned with national best practices. In fact, the Colleyville Police Department achieved national accreditation through the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA) in 2021 and is only one of 6 agencies in the State of Texas to hold both state and national accreditation. Finally, this report demonstrates that the Colleyville Police Department does not practice and will not tolerate racial profiling.